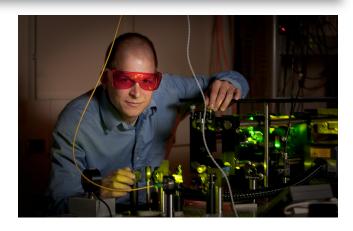
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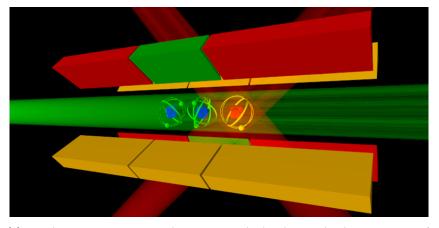
Till Rosenband

National Institute of Standards and Technology, Boulder CO



Optical Atomic Clocks

Optical atomic clocks are the most accurate measurement tools ever constructed, with an absolute accuracy that exceeds 10^{-17} . Of these, clocks based on quantum-logic readout of Al⁺ ions have the highest accuracy [1]. Such a clock has been compared the NIST's mercury ion clock to derive the most stringent constraint on the present-day variation of the fine-structure constant α [2]. One possible technical application is the measurement of gravitational red-shifts on the earth's surface, and future clocks may enable centimeter-level height measurements for geodesy and geophysics [3]. Recent experiments show a record Q-factor of 6 x 10^{15} , which exceeds even the Q-factors in Mössbauer spectroscopy [4]. If time permits (no pun intended), I will discuss the how quantum information is best extracted from the clock atoms [5].



Friday April 5, 4:00pm

301 Physical Sciences Building (Refreshments, 3:45pm)

- [1] C. W. Chou, D. B. Hume, J. C. J. Koelemeij, D. J. Wineland, and T. Rosenband. PRL 104:070802, (2010)
- [2] T. Rosenband et al., Science 319:1808 (2008)
- [3] C. W. Chou, D. B. Hume, T. Rosenband, and D. J. Wineland. Science 329:1630 (2010)
- [4] C. W. Chou, D. B. Hume, M. J. Thorpe, D. J. Wineland, and T. Rosenband. PRL 106:160801 (2011)
- [5] T. Rosenband and D. R. Leibrandt, arXiv:1303.6357 [quant-ph]



