In discussing a "next endplate" we could be looking at 3 time frames:

- an endplate that could be used with the current field cage to be built in a ~ 2 years
- an endplate that would be used on LP2, something which would allow investigation of lighter construction but would be at a much small size, and therefore not address all issues,
- 3) an endplate which would be direct R&D for the ILD radius device.

Technologies: and personal opinions

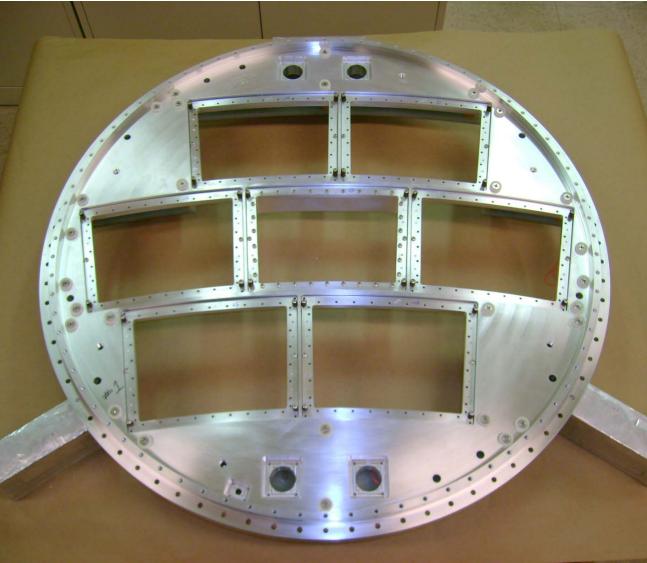
thinning the aluminum (1) all beryllium (1, 2) why not (3)? composites (2?,3) why not (1) hybrid of composites with metal (1, 2, 3) space-frame construction (2, 3)



18750g 5000 cm²

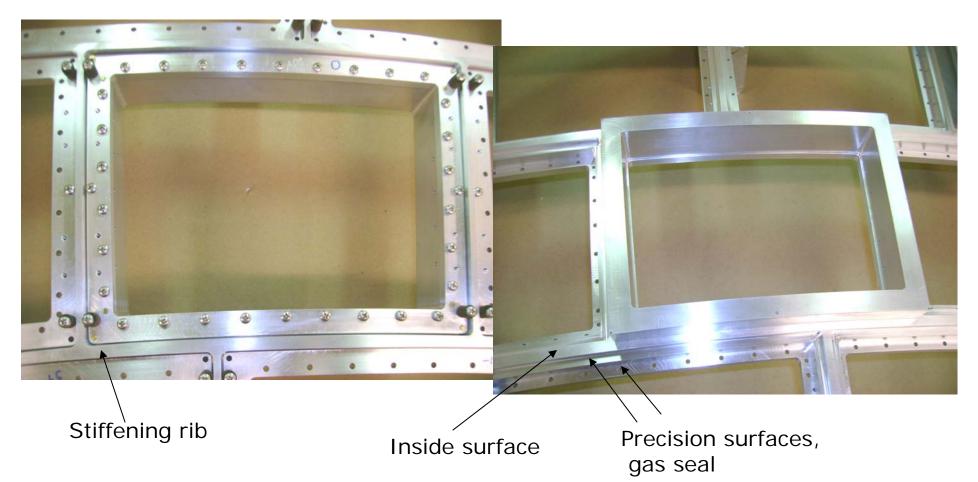
3.75 g/cm²

Effectively 1.4 cm Aluminum



80 lbs, loaded... 36000g , 5000 cm² , 7.2g/cm² , effective 2.6 cm (1 inch) aluminum



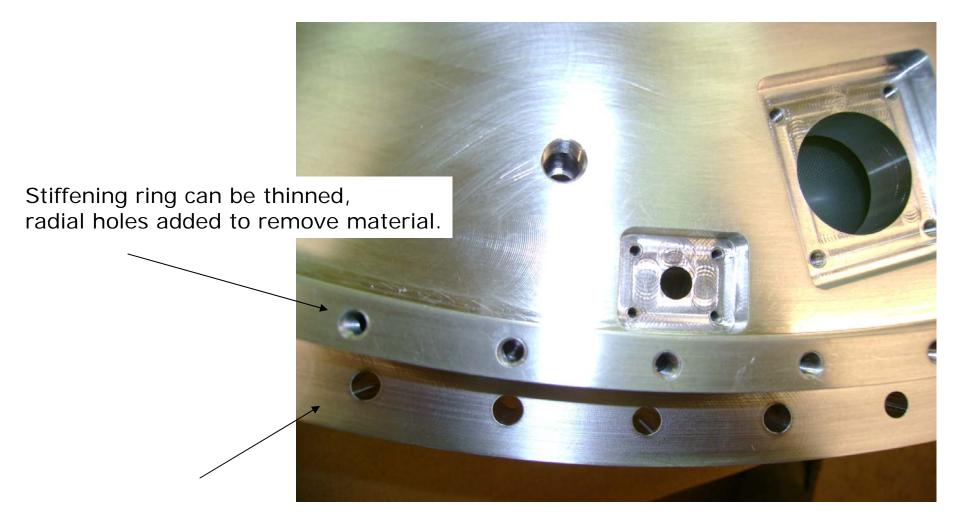


The stiffening rib could be made of fiber. One way to do this is to hollow out the frame in a preliminary machining, fill with fiber, build up the rough shape of the fiber stiffening rib, re-machine.

The inside surface would remain aluminum, or could expose the fiber in places.

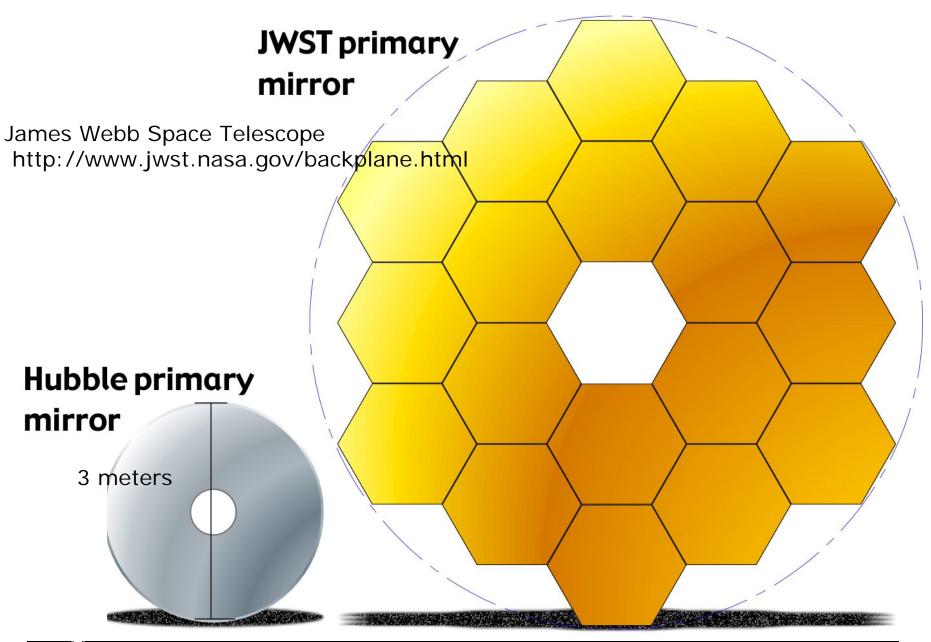
The precision surfaces would remain aluminum.





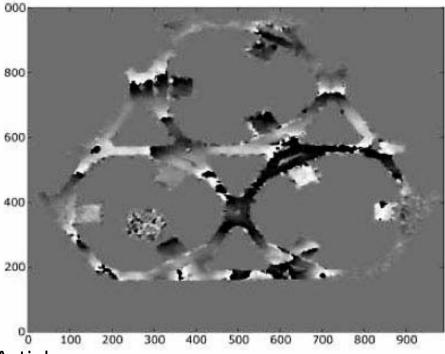
Flange area can be thinned and pockets of material removed











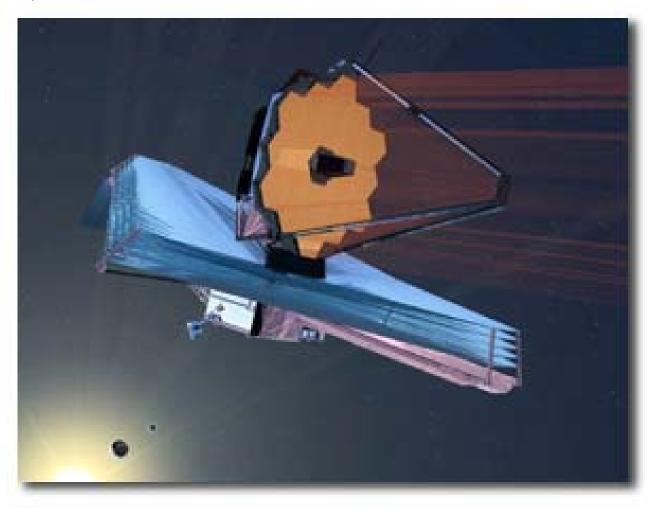
Bonded structure: BackplaneStabilityTestArticle interferometric fringe the full size device

We could think of building a rigid bonded structure, attached to a relatively thin gas-seal and module support structure.

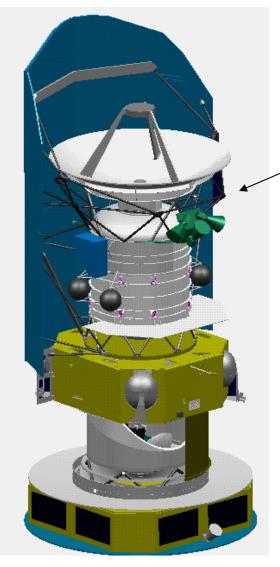




Plank Telescope http://www.rssd.esa.int/index.php?project=PLANCK&page=index Launch April 2009

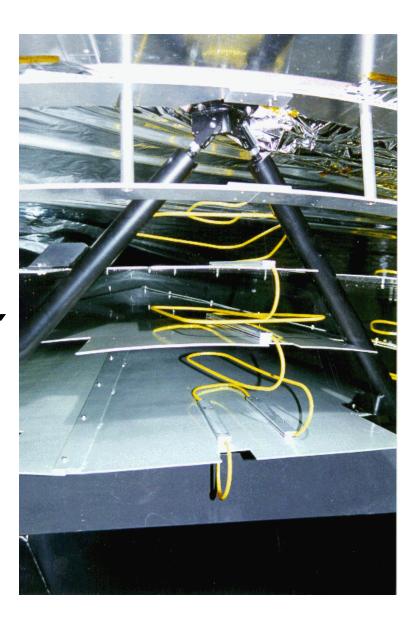




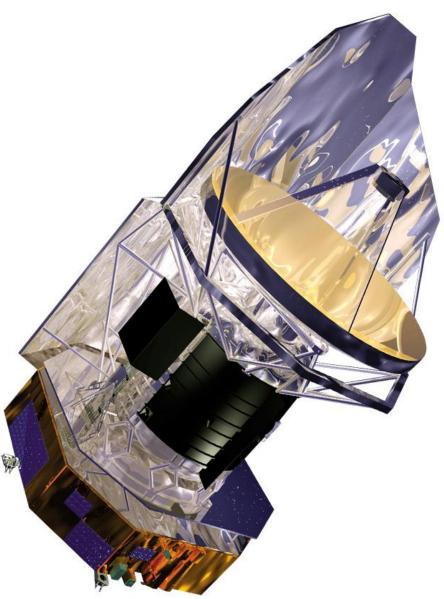


The area of the space-frame.

Note: these are individual adjustable struts. I would question whether we want to make a system with this many degrees of freedom.







Hershel Telescope to be launched with Plank

http://herschel.jpl.nasa.gov/

http://sci.esa.int/science-e/www/area/index.cfm?fareaid=16



This also has a space-frame. It appears to be a rigid object.

The sensor support is cool.



Note the little cones.

